



MySQL to Postgres Migration

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Who am I

Database Administrator working at Pictage Inc

The company provides online image hosting, printing and sales solutions, and services to professional photographers. The company is a leader in the industry. Pictage services more than 10,000 professional photographers all over the United States.

Pictage is the photographer's one-stop and complete partner enabling online viewing, selling, and printing professional images.

www.pictage.com www.shootq.com

SCALE





mysql2psql

 It can create postgresql dump file from mysql database or directly load data from mysql to postgresql (at about 100 000 records per minute). Translates most data types and indexes.

Authors

Max Lapshin et. al





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Installation requirements

- Postgres 8.4 and above, Mysql 5.1 and above
- Ruby 1.9.1 latest version
- Ruby gem 1.8.14 Package manager for Ruby
- postgresql-server-dev-9.1 The postgresql-devel package contains the header files and libraries
- ruby1.9.1-dev: This package contains the header files and library, necessary to make extension library for Ruby 1.9.1
- Other libraries required: libmysqlclient-dev, libmysqlruby1.9
- Install Ruby postgresql interface (gem install pg) and Ruby mysql interface (gem install mysql)





Things to take care before migration

- Generate a mysql2pgsql.yml file
- Create a separate user to access the mysql database or existing user which has capability to dump the database.
- Update mysql2pgsql.yml file with username, password, host and port information





Migration of only schema

 Update parameters supress_data and supress_ddl in mysql2psql.yml file as

supress_data: true supress_ddl: false





Migration of only data

 Update parameters supress_data and supress_ddl in mysql2psql.yml file as

supress_data: false supress_ddl: true





Migration of both schema & data

 Update parameters supress_data and supress_ddl in mysql2psql.yml file as

supress_data: false supress_ddl: false





Excluding tables during migration

 To list all tables that needs to be excluded under exculde_tables parameter

exclude_tables:

- table1
- table2





Migrating only the selected tables

 To list all tables that needs to be migrated under "tables" parameter. Only tables listed here will be migrated

tables:

- table1
- table2





Things to take care after migration

- Configuring postgresql.conf
- Configuring pg_hba.conf
- Creating users on the database
- Granting permissions on the database and tables
 - Note every time you create a database you need to grant permissions





 Year & month function does not exist in psql, we should create a year function in pgsql. CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION year(timestamp without time zone) RETURNS float AS 'select extract(year from \$1);' language sql immutable ;

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION month(timestamp without time zone) RETURNS float AS 'select extract(month from \$1);' language sql immutable ;



2. Group by Clause issue:

Postgresql follows standard SQL

MySQL extends the use of GROUP BY so that the select list can refer to nonaggregated columns not named in the GROUP BY clause.

 SELECT o.custid, c.name, MAX(o.payment) FROM orders AS o, customers AS c WHERE o.custid = c.custid GROUP BY o.custid;





3. Order by issue: When Order by used with group by clause results differently in postgresql

In MySQL - GROUP BY forces ORDER BY. (This is a violation of the standard. It can be avoided by using ORDER BY NULL.)

Postgresql follows standard SQL





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- 4. Data type issues
- tinyint in Mysql is converted to boolean
- datetime to timestamp without time zone
- mediumtext to text





- 5. Error occurs when the datetime column of a table has NULL values
 - "Mysql2psql: conversion failed: undefined method `hour' for nil:NilClass"
 - Either add a default date as 01/01/1970 Or exclude the table while dumping the database and load the table using csv file to postgresql.





Questions

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